

The British Sub-Aqua Club

FIRST CLASS DIVER

DIVING KNO	OWLEDGE EXA	w: Sat 7 de Oc	tober 2017 1	0:30am
Name:		 		
Memb No:				
Memb No:				

Please read the following instructions carefully before you begin answering the questions.

- Answer all 30 questions. Write your answers in the spaces on the question paper. Please remember to put your name on the paper.
- Brief answers are possible for most questions. Answer as concisely as possible. Use diagrams where these help your answer or where they are asked for.
- There are 2 marks for each question
- You are allowed 15 minutes to read the paper and plan how to answer it.
- You are allowed 60 minutes for writing your answers
- Write all answers in ink, as clearly as possible.
- You may use a calculator but please show all calculations.
- You will need your own copy of the complete BS-AC'88 Tables, levels 1-4 and BSAC Nitrox Tables and BSAC Ox-Stop Tables. No other reference material of any kind is allowed.
- You will need chartwork instruments (i.e. Breton plotter or parallel rules, pencil, compass).
- All questions assume sea water (density 1.025 kg/litre) and the prevailing conditions in the United Kingdom unless otherwise stated.
- Please check your work very carefully. A mistake at an early stage of some questions may result in a series of wrong answers and a loss of marks.

Please note that the mark awarded by the examiners for your performance on this paper is final and under no circumstances can the examiners enter into any correspondence or discussion with you regarding this paper.

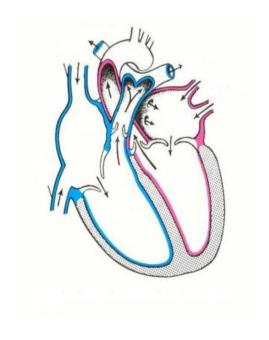
MEDICAL

1. List four types of shock (2 marks)
i)
ii)
iii)
iv)
2. List four areas you can check during a five minute neurological examination (2 marks)
i)
ii)
iii)
iv)
3. List two symptoms of carbon monoxide poisoning that you as a diver would notice whilst diving underwater if you were suffering from it and two you may notice in a buddy suffering from it. (2 marks)
Yourself.
i)
ii)
Buddy
iii)
ind

after clambering out onto the rocks after a shore dive in the sea. He looks anxious and very grey. What actions to you take? (2 marks)
a)
b)
c)
d)
5. Name and describe two methods of clearing your ears (2 marks)
a)
b)

4. An elderly member of the club sits down with his kit on and clasps his chest

6. Label the following on the following diagram of the heart: Aorta, Pulmonary Artery (PA), Right Atrium (RA), Left Atrium (LA), Right Ventricle (RV), Left Ventricle (LV) and location of a Patent Foramen Ovale (PFO)



DECOMPRESSION

7. (a) Calculate the density of 20/30 bottom gas at 50m. Individual gas density values are: Helium= 0.179 g/l, Oxygen = 1.428 g/l, Nitrogen = 1.251 g/l. Show your working. (1 mark)
(b) What is the current scientific recommendation for the maximum density for breathing gas (0.5 mark)
g/l
(c) At what depth does this occur for air? (0.5 mark)m
8. From a decompression perspective what is the optimum body temperature profile on a dive to minimise gas update. (1 mark)
a)
When using a heated vest in cold water, when theoretically is it best to activate this? (1 mark)
b)

9. The following screen dumps are taken from multi deco software for the same depth and bottom time for an air dive. Figure a) uses gradient factors 30/90 and Figure b) uses gradient factors 50/90.

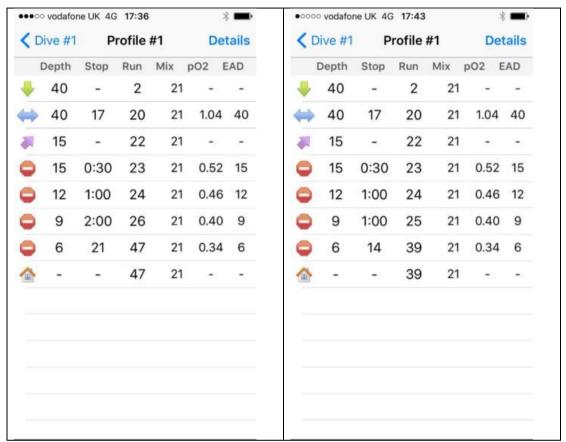


Fig a Fig b

10. You are diving on BSAC tables. You surface a $G/1$ and a CNS of 50% and 5 hours later you dive to 35m on air with a stage cylinder of 50% decompression gas for a dive time of 25 minutes.
a) What stops will you need to do on 50% nitrox? (1 mark)
b) What will your CNS be at the start of the second dive? (1 mark)
11. A CCR diver has a set point PPO2 of 1.25bar with air as a diluent. You are using a nitrox computer as a backup and plan to dive to 36m. What is the maximum nitrox mix that you should set? Show your working.
12. List two things can a diver do to optimise off gassing during decompression stops other than breathing a higher nitrox mix?
i)

EQUIPMENT

13. What are the latest recommendations when it comes to selecting an Octopus type alternative air source, particularly for use in cold water. What is BSAC guidance if this is not met?
a)
b)
14. What is one advantage of using photogrammetry to survey a shipwreck and
one disadvantage? Advantage:
Disadvantage:
15. What is RAW format? List one advantage and one disadvantage. (2 marks) RAW Format
Advantage:
Disadvantage:
16. When draining gas quickly from a dive cylinder why does the pillar valve get very cold? What potential damage could be done to the cylinder and what potential injury to the operator? (2 marks) Why:
Potential Damage:

Potential Injury:					
17 How do tempe duration? If the te failure leading to a	mperature	stick failed	l during a d		
in 35m of water.	Engine weig what would (2 marks)	ghs 60kg in the pressu	air. Calcu re drop be	llate much from the	
l	DIVE PLA	ANNING	AND TEC	CHNIQU	ES
19. Calculate cha Show your working			t 13:45 if y	our dive o	computer read 20m.
	HW 03:17 4.0m	LW 09:48 1.0m	HW 15:45 4.6m	LW 23:27 1.7m	

Controlled Wreck Site? (2 marks)
21. Draw a diagram to show how a tow fish side scan sonar works and how a transom mounted tow fish works. List one advantage for each. (2 marks)
Advantage Tow fish:
Advantage Transom Mounted:

IDPCS:
25 What does SOLAS and IRPCS standard for? (1 mark each) SOLAS:
WEATHER AND SEAMANSHIP
iv)
iii)
and two things that you are not (1 mark)
ii
i)
24. List two things that the BSAC Third Party Liability Insurance covers you for (1 mark)
23. What is the current advice from the MMO regarding recovery of lost fishing equipment (Ghost Fishing)? What are BSAC doing about it? (2 marks)
iv)
iii)
ii)
i)
dive access through shallow sandy path cut through the reef specifically for divers. List four things you would cover in the brief to reduce risk of damage to the coral and associated eco-system. (2 marks)
22. You are taking a group of divers on their first coral reef dive ever with shore

	do Oc, FI and Iso mean ir	n relation to lights. (2 marks)
Iso		
27. What type of an best in (2 marks)	chor are the following and	d what bottom type do they hold
Anchor (a)	Anchor (b)	Anchor (c)
Seabed	Seabed	Seabed
	uld you use / not use (2 nuse (2 nuse a white flare for?	narks)
b) An inbound coast flare you use?	guard helicopter asks you	ı to "make smoke". Which type of
c) Which types of fla	are would you not use whe	en a helicopter is hovering above?

29. You plan to dive an unknown site in the entrance of a very tidal sea loch. Describe how you could practically determine the timing of slack and produce a very rough tidal diamond for the site using equipment available onboard: RHIB, GPS and compass over the course of a day. (2 marks)
30. Studying the surface pressure charts below: what wind, sea state and weather and visibility would you expect along the South Coast of England on Sunday. Would you be able to go diving off the South Coast. (2 marks) Wind:
Sea state:
Weather:
Visibility:
Geostrophic wind scale in kt for 4.0 hPa intervals 70N 40 15 800 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100

